### LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL COUNCIL CHAMBERS, 3 PRIMROSE STREET, NEWTOWN, CT WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 2020 AT 7:30PM

# THESE MINUTES ARE SUBJECT TO APPROVAL BY THE LEGISLATIE COUNCIL AT THE NEXT MEETING

PRESENT: Alison Plante, Paul Lundquist, Chris Eide, Dan Wiedemann, Cathy Reiss, Jordana

Bloom, Ryan Knapp, Andy Clure, Phil Carroll (7:35)

ABSENT: Judit Destefano, Dan Honan, Chris Smith

ALSO PRESENT: First Selectman Dan Rosenthal, Finance Director Bob Tait, Superintendent

Dr. Rodrigue, BOE Chair Michele Embree Ku and BOE member Dan Delia

CALL TO ORDER: Mr. Lundquist called the meeting to order with the Pledge of Allegiance at

7:30PM

**VOTER COMMENT:** None

MINUTES: Dan Weidemann moved to accept the minutes of the January 15, 2020 meeting.

Chris Eide seconded, all in favor.

**COMMUNICATIONS**: None

**COMMITTEE REPORTS:** None

**FIRST SELECTMANS REPORT**: First Selectman Rosenthal reported that most of the site work at the new Police Department has been completed. The building has been gutted and the footings for the sally port have been poured. They are evaluating if the fire suppression tank should be replaced.

The next BOS meeting is February 18 at 7pm in the High School Lecture Hall coving potential options for the FFH campus. On March 16 there another meeting concerning FFH where developers will be presenting. He is also working with Land Use to develop an advisory question for the ballot.

First Selectman Rosenthal also reported that he is working on a lease agreement with SHOP for 7 Glen Road. The goal is to get it to the BOS on 2/18 and then it would move to the council. SHOP has a plan for Sandy Hook called the Heritage Trail. There will be a pavilion and parking. It is basically a walking trail across the Dayton Street Bridge and back down Church Hill Road. There will be benches and look out points. The Town had taken the property 4 years ago and the challenge is that there was an old garage at the site and has environmental issues. The best thing for that property is to encapsulate it which a parking lot works best. It would be a lease, not an outright sale.

The BOS has unanimously ratified the budget. Ultimately as approved it is 2.48% increase. 1.5% is normal operating expense including the new police building and the new senior center. The balance is the roads. Combined with the BOE budget which is a 1.4% increase the estimated tax increase would be .7 mil.

They are looking into CYPRS for the Hawley Trust for the Library and Edmond Town Hall. They have council looking it to it. They will need to go to probate and explain they want more revenue and what it will be used for. They do not have to grant it but often times will allow more money to come out of the trust.

### **NEW BUSINESS**

**Discussion of Planning, Prioritizing and Collaboration Relating to BOE CIP Projects** – Dr. Rodrigue explained that safety is the highest priority as well as useful shelf life when they are compiling the CIP. They do continue to collaborate with town committees. The BOE hired Bob Gerbert as their Director of Facilities. During the process of interviewing, Director of Public Works collaborated on the interviews. He was hired by the board to coordinate with projects to keep them on budget with integrity. Bob Gerbert has been working with Sustainable Energy and Public Building and site. Attachment A are questions answered by Bob Gerbert to the Sustainable Energy Commission.

Michele Embree Ku, BOE Chair, articulated that when they are making decisions for the town it is better when they are doing it together and believes it is worth the extra time to have those conversation.

Dan Delia, BOE CIP/Facilities subcommittee chair responded that moving forward in the CIP, he will do his best to work in a collaborate manner and make sure we are meeting the needs of the people of Newtown.

Dan Wiedemann clarified that his intent asking the question was because it was not happening with the prior administration but wanted to make sure it was kept in place going forward, that was the intent of him asking the question.

In the Town Code book the description of the Sustainable Energy and Public Building and Site are a support role. Dr. Rodrigue explained that they will continue having Bob Gerbert attend the meetings and collaborate with the boards. They want to do this because it is the right thing to do. Paul Lundquist questioned if this should be a policy. It is creating guardrails for projects. They will be looking at the CIP policy in the next few months.

First Selectman Rosenthal explained that the Public Building and Sites role is clear once a project is has been approved. What is opaque is when you should start working with them. Bob Gerbert has been at the last few meetings which is very helpful. This can be addressed by policy

but having him at the meetings will start to establish the process. The Community Center floor in the multipurpose room had an issue which has been fixed but the floor needed to be buffed. Bob Gerbert will have custodial staff come and buff the floor.

A resolution to change the name and purpose of the Eichler's Cove special revenue fund to "Waterfront special revenue fund" for the purpose of using revenues from the operations of Newtown waterfront properties (Eichler's Cove and Lake Lillinonah) for Newtown waterfront property operational and capital expenditures — Chris Eide moved A resolution to change the name and purpose of the Eichler's Cove special revenue fund to "Waterfront special revenue fund" for the purpose of using revenues from the operations of Newtown waterfront properties (Eichler's Cove and Lake Lillinonah) for Newtown waterfront property operational and capital expenditures, Phil Carroll seconded. Eichler's Cove is successful and generates revenue that stays in their special revenue fund. P&R would like to look at putting boat slips at Lake Lillinonah and has requested money to do a study. First Selectman Rosenthal suggested the change in the fund so the money from Eichlers cove could be used for the study. He will not support funding from the CIP or operating budget. ALL IN FAVOR

Approve 2020-2021 CIP Items for Referendum – According to section 635g of the Town Charter anything that is equal or exceeds \$1.5 million must go to referendum. Digressional action on large or bundled projects will aid in transparency to the public.

<u>Chris Eide move to send FFH Sewer Infrastructure Improvements for \$1,829,963 to referendum.</u>
<u>Phil Carroll seconded, ALL IN FAVOR.</u>

Chris Eide moved to send the Emergency Radio System Upgrades for \$2,500,000 to referendum, Dan Wiedemann seconded, ALL IN FAVOR.

<u>Chris Eide moved to send the Capital Road Program for \$750,000 to referendum. Alison Plante seconded, ALL IN FAVOR.</u>

<u>Chris Eide moved to send the Hawley School Ventilation and HVAC Renovations –Design for</u> \$300,000 to referendum. <u>Cathy Reiss seconded.</u> Dan Wiedeman questioned why would they not put it on for \$4.2 million to include the renovations in year 2. Paul Lundquist explained if they have no intension of supporting the project they will not vote for the design. <u>ALL IN FAVOR</u>.

Presentation and acceptance of the Town's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 – Finance Director Bob Tait provided the Comprehensive Annual financial report for fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. He reviewed excerpts from the report (Attachment B).

Chris Eide moved to accept the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Dan Wiedemann seconded, ALL IN FAVOR.

### **UNFINISHED BUSINESS**

### FEMA Reimbursement Allocation – Not discussed

**VOTER COMMENT:** Dan Delia, 10 Brookwood Drive. He explained that it is important to be respectful. We are all volunteers and when people come and speak here that they are all treated with respect. When someone is treated poorly in public it does not look good. He is concerned.

Michele Embre Ku, 28 Platts Hill Drive – Strongly believes when making decisions for the town our best work happens when we work together. It takes more effort on all of our parts to attend meetings of other boards and to be committed to having an open discussion and respectful dialog. But it is well worth the additional time when the good faith conversations lead to well planned projects. She doesn't think we can have good faith conversations when someone that comes before them is told they are lying. Hope that they consider conversations with those in front of them to be respectful.

### **ANNOUNCEMENTS: NONE**

**ADJOURNMENT**: There being no further business, Chris Eide moved to adjourn the meeting at 9:38pm. Dan Wiedemann seconded, ALL IN FAVOR.

Respectfully Submitted, Arlene Miles, Clerk Pro Tem

## Attachment A

### Questions about CIP and Facilities

1. I received some information on the boiler at Hawley. I learned the mechanical contractor (C&N Mechanical, Glastonbury) bid the project.

They bid (1) Aerco Benchmark 1.5 condensing 1,500,000 BTU boiler. If this information is correct then this boiler will not be able to support heating the additional outside air. New boilers will need to be added.

This is incorrect. There are three (3) boilers, each with a heating capacity of 1.5 million BTUs for a total of 4.5 Million BTUs. At approximately 60,000 SqFt, this equates to 75 BTU per SqFt.

2. Middle Gate School. Obviously, we replaced those boilers about 3-4 years ago, but I've learned that the BOE actually has a CIP to replace the windows, which I think is great, but when you replace the windows, your heat duty on the building goes down and you actually could have saved on boilers by downsizing the boilers. So, now the boilers that are there will not be sufficient. So, staging how you do the work can save capital costs.

While new windows will reduce the heating load and effectively leave the boilers oversized, the boilers that are installed have modulating burners which can adjust the firing rate to match the heating needs of the building.

3. Were High School boilers in F-wing replaced recently? If so, why?

Boilers were replaced as part of the larger boiler project. This outfits the entire building with high-efficiency gas boilers that have become standard within the school district. There was also a rebate provided by the utility company for installing the new boilers.

- 4. Has a structural engineer been consulted to determine if the existing structure can support the weight of the new Roof Top Units(RTU) and ACU(Air Conditioning Units)? If not, a review of the structure is needed to ensure the proposed design is feasible.
  - a. If required, has additional structural cost been included in the CIP?

RZD has a structural team that will make final reviews of all structural elements required to support the new equipment. We have carried a structural allowance which is noted in the RZD budget proposal.

5. Has the proposed equipment sizes been reviewed to determine if it can fit through existing doors and maneuvered to their final install place?

We have reviewed the building structure and equipment sizing and believe that we have available means to get the equipment in the building. To minimize impact on building finishes, we are anticipating that all large equipment will be shipped to the site in sections to be assembled in their final resting place.

6. Has remediation consideration been included in the CIP(Lead, asbestos)?

RZD budget proposal does not include any remediation. This will be determined by sampling various existing materials and lab testing to determine the extent of required remediation.

No, because the design is only conceptual to present a basis of cost comparison, it does not include abatement costs. The full scope of abatement will be determined once the design is finalized.

7. VAV boxes:

a. The hot water coil sizes appear to undersized. It appears that the minimum airflows are used vs. maximum. If 55F air is supplied to the VAV, then when the required OA CFM is supplied, the supply air will be cool and cause the occupants to be uncomfortable. With the VAVs being undersized, the piping and pumps are most likely undersized. This needs to be addressed and reflected in the CIP \$.

Ventilation via VAV boxes is provided with adequate hot water coil and pump sizing. The VAV design only requires max cfm during cooling mode as the supply air flow must offset ventilation loads and cooling loads. The VAV operation during heating mode requires only ventilation load as the existing building heating system is adequate to offset building outdoor winter conditions. We will further fine tune the design as the project moves forward.

8. To make up the difference with #5, the RTU's and ACU's, can supply 92F to the VAVs. However, I would advise against this as it will cause overheating of certain areas and you have complaints of being too hot. Then the windows will be opened, and we would waste energy.

Note that the hot water coil controls are suitable to find the optimum discharge air temperature for the variable loads that the building will experience. With thermostatic controls within each VAV, there should be no issue with overheating the space during winter operation.

9. Airflow in the building should include measures to prevent smoke movement, and allow for safe occupant egress. It is not apparent that this design includes the necessary required smoke or fire dampers. Are these included in the CIP?

Fire/Smoke egress control is not included in the cooling/ventilation design. We do however include any and all fire dampers required to maintain existing wall and floor protection fire ratings.

10. Sustainable building design care is needed to eliminate excessive ventilation to avoid excess energy use and provide proper humidity control. Proper cooling, heating, ventilation, humidification, and dehumidification are critical to both energy efficiency and cost-effectiveness.

A duct mounted CO2 sensor in the return air ductwork is included to measure the PPM and compare to set point and modulate OA delivered to the space.

a. Typically, storage rooms are only tempered with heat. Capital and operational costs can be saved by removing the air conditioning from these rooms. Ventilation is required at only 0.12CFM/FT^2. So a small duct can be fed to these areas vs installation of a dedicated VAV

A dedicated VAV for small storage rooms is not the intent of our schematic design. Any storage room that requires ventilation/cooling will be served by an adjacent VAV Zone.

b. Science Classroom: Typically, a local exhaust fan is provided with a 0-60 minute timer. This allows the teacher to use the fan when a demonstration creates smells or animals are kept in the room.

Science Classroom special ventilation is not included in our schematic design although we will review during final design with input from the Science Staff.

c. The food services area should include a separate exhaust hood so that odors are not circulated around the building. This should be included in the CIP.

The Cafeteria/Kitchen ventilation system will be designed for CO2 control within these spaces. The make up air and associated kitchen hoods are not included in the Ventilation/Cooling proposal. This is a service that can be added at the direction of the Hawley School Committee.

d. It is not typical to air-condition bathrooms. The bathrooms should have exhaust fans that keep the room under negative pressure to avoid odors migrating out of the bathroom. Air is typically supplied to the room by an undercut door or transfer duct. Capital cost and operational cost can be saved by removing the VAV and ensuring proper air transfer.

The bathrooms referred to are gang toilet rooms. These rooms are larger and will be maintained under negative pressure within our design. It is agreed that a single toilet room would not receive direct supply air and would rely on the exhaust system drawing air from adjacent areas via under cut doors or transfer grilles.

e. Corridors are not frequently air-conditioned. One strategy used is to return air from the corridor. Air will be pulled from adjacent rooms, providing the ventilation required. Corridors only required 0.06CFM/FT^2.

Corridors will be designed to maintain code compliant air flow. It is important to maintain slightly positive pressure if the corridor is intended for egress during an alarm event. This will be confirmed during our final design.

- 11. Higher humidity levels promote the growth of mold, dust mites, fungus, which can produce toxic by-products and allergens. Careful consideration in equipment size must be taken. More than likely, the peak sensible cooling load will occur when the building is unoccupied, after 4 pm. Peak latent cooling loads, moisture from exhaling and sweat, may not occur at the same time as the peaking latent load. The lack of moisture removal can result in unacceptable air quality. \*\*
  - a. The additional moisture is a problem for people with asthma, which I can speak to first hand. Also, the additional moisture can impact the paint, drywalls, grow mold, etc.
  - b. One can argue that VAV's have a hot water coil that can reheat the air for dehumidification. While it is possible, it will use a lot of excess energy. I suggest a peer review of the evaporator coil selections to ensure proper sizing. I don't think we want to find out later the evaporator coil needs to be larger then the unit won't fit in the designated space.

Air conditioning systems are intended to remove heat and associated latent loads during normal occupied operation. We do not propose a reheat control for de-humidification, as this system type is an energy hog. With careful design calculations, all systems will have the ability to cool and dehumidify at any time the building is in the summer occupied control settings. This will be programmed into the building automation system which is a part of RZD design. Not sure what peer review is being referred to, but RZD will welcome feed back from the town during final project design.

12. Has Demand Control Ventilation been included in the design? I believe this is required by ASHRAE 90.1.

Demand ventilation is included in our design.

13. What methods are being implemented to ensure all the install equipment does not transmit mechanical vibrations or flow noise into the adjunct spaces? Is this included in the CIP?

Vibration isolation is included in our design.

14. Has the electrical service to the building been reviewed to ensure the building can handle the additional electrical loads? Has this been included in the CIP? Keep in mind, since the VAV's are undersized, the pump electrical load will be higher.

The electrical utility serving the Hawley School is adequate to include the electrical requirements of the new systems. The VAV systems have not been determined to be undersized. We as the engineer of record will review all system designs during generation of final bid documents.

Attackment B

# TOWN OF NEWTOWN, CONNECTICUT

EXCERPT - with annotations



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

			Program Revenues		Z	Net (Expense) Revenue and	ue and	
Functions/Programs Primary Government:	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Ition Total	
General government Public safety Health and welface	\$ 6,907,954	\$ 1,709,232	\$ 317,816		(4,880,906)	\$	\$ \$	(4,880,906)
Land use Public works	3,282,664 703,298 13,441,190	9,960 64,649 962,901	306,921		(10,166,701) (2,965,783) (638,649)		(10)	(10,166,701) (2,965,783) (638,649)
Education  Education - State Teachers' Retirement	4,477,125 84,895,073 5,098,427	1,105,370 2,339,058	1,093,529 8,433,424 5,098,427	2,621,830	(7,060,998) (2,278,226) (74,122,591)	1 1 1	(7, (2, (74.	(7,060,998) (7,060,998) (2,278,226) (74,122,591)
interest expense Total govèrnmental activities Business-type activities:	2,648,364	7,472,323	18,685,375	2,621,830	(2,648,364)	1 1	(2)	(2,648,364)
Sewer Water	1,921,345	1,049,861	r	ï		(871.484)	(104,	(104,762,218)
Total business-type activities	2,315,026	1,464,944				21,402		21,402
otal primary government	\$ 135,856,772 General revenues:	\$ 8,937,267	\$ 18,685,375	\$ 2,621,830	(104,762,218)	(850,082)	(105,6	(105,612,300)
	Property taxes, levier Grants and contribut	Property taxes, levied for general purposes Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	es o specific programs		107,694,541		107,6	107,694,541
	Total general revenu	enues			1,391,807	40,496	1,5	1,5/4,097
		Change in net position	u		5,898,227	(809,586)	5,0	5,088,641
		Net position - beginning, Adjustments (see Note 1)	position - beginning, as originally reported ustments (see Note 1)	rted	247,217,899	32,089,059	279,3	279,306,958
			ing, as adjusted	1	247,217,899	(425,300) 31,663,759	278,8	(425,300) 278,881,658
		Net position - ending	معمدسين يتنفوه وشعده واستفاده والمتعادة والمتع		\$ 253,116,126	\$ 30,854,173	\$ 283,9	283,970,299

these financial statements.

18

increasing year Net position is

The accompanyil OVEr year

### BALANCE SHEET

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

FEMA grant receivable		General Fund		Bonded Projects Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total evernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,755,383	Ś	_	\$	1,802,456	\$	22,557,839
	Υ	9,879,733	Ψ.	-		2,704,472	-	12,584,205
Investments Receivables:		3,373,732						
Property taxes and interest, net	1	3,103,909		-		-		3,103,909
Grants and contracts	7	1,708,294		=		828,720		2,537,014
		-		=		242,542		242,542
Loans		279,801		_		366,112		645,913
Other Due from other funds		1,903,784		4,675,788		4,184,468		10,764,040
		4,738		-		15,100		19,838
Other Total assets	\$	37,635,642	\$	4,675,788	\$	10,143,870	\$	52,455,300
Total assets			_		-			
LARIETIES.								
LIABILITIES	\$	1,891,823	\$	2,764,500	\$	662,199	\$	5,318,522
Accounts payable	Ψ.	4,089,645		-,,		157,137		4,246,782
Accrued payroll  Due to other funds		11,458,700		-		972,014		12,430,714
Unearned revenue		-		577,010		687,581		1,264,591
		434,215						434,215
Other Total liabilities		17,874,383		3,341,510		2,478,931		23,694,824
Total liabilities		17,074,303	-	3,5 (1,515		2, ,		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenues		3,103,909		_		242,542		3,346,451
Unavailable revenues		3,100,000						
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		=		-		625,100		625,100
Restricted		-		3,429,557		4,219,637		7,649,194
Committed		264,924		-		2,617,205		2,882,129
Assigned		739,565		-		-		739,565
Unassigned Unassigned		15,652,861		(2,095,279)		(39,545)		13,518,037
Total fund balances		16,657,350	-	1,334,278		7,422,397		25,414,025
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					-	•		
resources and fund balances	\$	37,635,642	\$	4,675,788	\$	10,143,870	\$	52,455,300

**	Total	<b>FEMA</b>	grant	receiva	ble:
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General fund	\$1	,708,294
Grant fund		
TOTAL	\$2,	089,437

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

REVENUES		General Fund		Bonded Projects Fund		Other Governmenta Funds	1	Total Governmental Funds
Property taxes	\$	107 444 000						
Intergovernmental	Þ	107,411,022		-		\$ -	\$	107,411,022
Charges for services		20,168,273	9	1,248,60	6	5,613,722		27,030,601
Investment income		2,195,585		=		5,075,185		7,270,770
Contributions and other		1,196,136		Ξ.		195,671		1,391,807
Total revenues		373,913		-		1,346,404		1,720,317
istarrevenues		131,344,929		1,248,606		12,230,982		144,824,517
EXPENDITURES							_	
Current:								
General government		4,658,167						
Public safety		10,086,947		-		1,189,903		5,848,070
Health and welfare		3,139,504		-		1,018,111		11,105,058
Land use		662,685		-		86,494		3,225,998
Public works		9,527,048		-		-		662,685
Parks and recreation		2,288,508		-		881,143		10,408,191
Education		86,319,107		-		1,025,843		3,314,351
Debt service:		00,515,107		-		6,238,972		92,558,079
Principal		6,896,695						
Interest and fiscal charges		2,365,362		-		8,000		6,904,695
Capital outlays		1,788,693		71 727 464		425,781		2,791,143
Total expenditures		127,732,716		21,737,464	-	2,123,226 12,997,473	-	25,649,383 162,467,653
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					_			102,467,653
over expenditures		3,612,213		(20,488,858)		(766,491)		(17,643,136)
THER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								N N 85 50.
Capital lease financing		624,662						
Issuance of debt		6,750,000		10,400,000		-		624,662
Premium on issuance of debt		1,093,726		10,400,000				17,150,000
Payments to escrow agent		(7,732,615)		-		149,189		1,242,915
Transfers in		400,000		-				(7,732,615)
Transfers out		(1,483,216)		- /CC 115\		1,549,331		1,949,331
Total other financing sources (uses)		(347,443)		(66,115)		(400,000)		(1,949,331)
		(547,445)		10,333,885		1,298,520		11,284,962
Net change in fund balances		3,264,770	(:	.0,154,973)		532,029		(6,358,174)
nd balances - beginning		13,392,580	1	1,489,251		6,890,368		31,772,199
nd balances - ending	ş	16,657,350	\$	1,334,278	\$	7,422,397	\$	25,414,025

Change in GF fund balance = 33,264,770; without FEMA rant = \$1,556,476

Working capital = \$992,692 (ratio = 4.4)....ability to pay current liabilities with current assets

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

medical self insurance fund

th current assets						,	Go	vernmental
		В	usine	ss-type Activitie	es	V		Activities
	A	Sewer Fund		Water Fund		Total		Internal Service Fund
ASSETS								
Current assets:								26.526
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	675,051	\$	-	\$	675,051	\$	26,526
Investments		-		-		-		4,052,812
Receivables:								
Assessments and interest, net		312,024		-		312,024		-
User charges and interest, net		229,606		-		229,606		
Other		5)		-		-		22,131
Due from other funds		64,929				64,929		2,533,515
Total current assets		1,281,610				1,281,610		6,634,984
Noncurrent assets:								
Receivables:		2 024 272				3,031,273		_
Assessments		3,031,273		1 <del>5</del>		658,617		_
Advance to other fund		658,617		=		038,017		_
Capital assets:				405.040		217.504		
Non-depreciable		22,575		195,019		217,594		-
Depreciable, net		27,054,284		2,517,611		29,571,895		
Total noncurrent assets		30,766,749		2,712,630		33,479,379		
Total assets		32,048,359		2,712,630		34,760,989	-	6,634,984
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred charge on refunding		3,279		-		3,279		-
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		120,277		16,024		136,301		444,580
Accrued liabilities:								
Claims		=		( <b>-</b> )		=;		1,027,016
Other		20,441		· _2		20,441		-
Due to other funds				931,770		931,770		-
Bonds and notes payable		148,200				148,200		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		247_
Total current liabilities		288,918		947,794		1,236,712		1,471,843
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Advances from other fund		-		658,617		658,617		-
Bonds and notes payable		2,014,766		-		2,014,766		
Total non-current liabilities		2,014,766		658,617		2,673,383		_
Total liabilities		2,303,684		1,606,411	-	3,910,095		1,471,843
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		24,913,893		2,712,630		27,626,523		
Unrestricted		4,834,061		(1,606,411)		3,227,650		5,163,141
Total net position	\$	29,747,954	\$	1,106,219	\$	30,854,173	\$	5,163,141

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

OPERATING REVENUES	_	Sewer Fund	Busine	ess-type Activit Water Fund	ies	Total	G	overnmental Activities Internal Service Fund
Charges for services	\$	1,049,861	\$	415,083	\$	1,464,944	Ś	13,345,178
Total operating revenues		1,049,861	<u> </u>	415,083	<u> </u>	1,464,944	<u> </u>	13,345,178
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Premiums and claims		=		-		=		12,690,957
Contracted services		821,715		172,148		993,863		-
Utilities		123,090		30,163		153,253		-
Administrative and other		193,426		12,000		205,426		1,273,336
Depreciation and amortization		588,445		151,726		740,171		-
Other		132,201		-		132,201		:-
Total operating expenses		1,858,877		366,037		2,224,914		13,964,293
Operating income (loss)		(809,016)		49,046		(759,970)		(619,115)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE)								
Interest income		40,496		-		40,496		201,463
Interest expense		(62,468)		(27,644)		(90,112)		-
Total non-operating expense, net		(21,972)		(27,644)		(49,616)		201,463
Change in net position		(830,988)		21,402		(809,586)		(417,652)
Net position - beginning, as originally reported		31,004,242		1,084,817		32,089,059		5,580,793
Adjustments (see Note 1)		(425,300)		_,,,		(425,300)		-
Net position - beginning, as adjusted		30,578,942		1,084,817	_	31,663,759		5,580,793
Net position - ending	\$	29,747,954	\$	1,106,219	\$	30,854,173	\$	5,163,141

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

detail on page 109	7	Pension and Other Post- Employment Benefits Trust Funds	 Private Purpose Trust Fund Sandy Hook Private Purpose Trust Fund	Agency Funds
ASSETS	۸.	407.627		044.504
Cash and cash equivalents Investments:	\$	107,627	\$ =	\$ 844,521
Certificates of deposit		( <del>-</del> );	=	192,731
Bond mutual funds		16,869,532		2
Equity mutual funds		31,258,343	-	-
Receivables		1,130	 =	-
Total assets		48,236,632	 _	\$ 1,037,252
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		*	-	\$ =
Due to others		-	 <u>.</u>	1,037,252
Total liabilities		-	 -	\$ 1,037,252
NET POSITION Restricted for:				
OPEB benefits		2,806,303	:-	
Pension benefits		45,430,329	-	
Total net position	\$	48,236,632	\$ -	

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Pension and Other Post- Employment Benefits Trust Funds	T	Private Purpose rust Fund andy Hook Private Purpose rust Fund
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 2,953,829	\$	_
Plan members	569,404		=
Total contributions	3,523,233		-
Investment earnings:			
Interest and dividends	1,167,513		-
Net change in the fair			
value of investments	1,337,515		-
	 2,505,028		-
Less investment fees	 (44,765)		-
Total investment earnings	2,460,263		
Total additions	5,983,496		-
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefit payments	2,802,036		-
Awards expense	-		28,657
Administrative expenses	68,430		-
Total deductions	2,870,466		28,657
Change in net position	3,113,030		(28,657)
Net position - beginning	 45,123,602		28,657
Net position - ending	\$ 48,236,632	\$	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

### **General Obligation Bonds and Notes from Direct Borrowings**

A summary of general obligation bonds and notes from direct borrowings outstanding at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Purpose of Bonds	Fiscal Date of Issue	Original Issue	Interest Rates	Fiscal Maturity Date	Amount Outstanding
Governmental Activities:			Hates	Dute	Catstanang
General obligation bonds:					
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2010	\$ 13,320,000	2.0% - 5.0%	2020	\$ 545,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2011	8,910,000	2.5% - 5.0%	2024	7,240,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2012	15,300,000	1.0% - 4.0%	2027	5,790,300
General Obligation Bonds	2014	4,012,000	2.0% - 3.5%	2034	3,007,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2015	17,620,000	2.375% - 5.0%	2031	14,530,000
General Obligation Bonds	2016	12,000,000	2.0% - 4.0%	2036	9,700,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2016	2,295,000	3.0% - 4.0%	2022	1,370,000
General Obligation Bonds	2017	4,808,000	2.0% - 4.0%	2037	4,012,000
General Obligation Bonds	2018	13,000,000	2.0%-5.0%	2038	12,350,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2019	6,750,000	3.0% - 5.0%	2032	6,750,000
General Obligation Bonds	2019	10,400,000	2.0%-5.0%	2039	10,400,000
					75,694,300
Notes from direct borrowings:					
Clean Water Fund Note	2003	516,000	2.10%	2023	120,033
Drinking Water Fund Note	2006	171,738	2.32%	2026	64,058
					184,091
					\$ 75,878,391
Business-type Activities:					
General obligation bonds:					
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2012	\$ 75,000	1.0% - 4.0%	2020	\$ 9,700
General Obligation Bonds	2014	2,488,000	2.0% - 3.5%	2034	1,868,000
General Obligation Bonds	2017	282,000	2.0% - 4.0%	2037	253,000
					\$ 2,130,700

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

### General Obligation Bonds and Notes from Direct Borrowings (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation bonds and the notes from direct borrowings are as follows as of June 30, 2019:

					nental Activit	ies		
Year ending	General Oblig	gatio	n Bonds	No	otes from dire	ect bo	rrowings	
June 30:	 Principal		Interest		Principal	I	nterest	Total
2020	\$ 6,806,800	\$	2,657,619	\$	38,307	\$	3,626	\$ 9,506,352
2021	6,356,500		2,429,489		39,140		2,794	8,827,923
2022	6,542,000		2,164,119		39,991		1,942	8,748,052
2023	5,832,000		1,893,032		40,867		1,072	7,766,971
2024	6,322,000		1,630,768		10,135		491	7,963,394
2025-2029	23,377,000		5,325,847		15,651		289	28,718,787
2030-2034	13,625,000		2,273,493		s=-		-	15,898,493
2035-2039	6,833,000		556,147		-		_	7,389,147
	\$ 75,694,300	\$ :	18,930,514	\$	184,091	\$	10,214	\$ 94,819,119

	Bu	sines	s-type Activ	ities	
Year ending	 Gen	eral (	Obligation B	onds	
June 30:	Principal		Interest		Total
2020	\$ 148,200	\$	60,263	\$	208,463
2021	138,500		57,202		195,702
2022	138,000		54,122		192,122
2023	138,000		50,772		188,772
2024	138,000		47,267		185,267
2025-2029	693,000		180,396		873,396
2030-2034	695,000		76,822		771,822
2035-2039	 42,000		2,905		44,905
	\$ 2,130,700	\$	529,749	\$	2,660,449

### **Legal Debt Limit**

Connecticut General Statutes Section 7-374(b) provides that debt of the Town shall not exceed seven times base receipts, as defined in the Statute. Further, the Statute limits the amount of debt that may be authorized by the Town for general purposes, schools, sewers, urban renewal and pension deficit. The Town did not exceed any of the statutory debt limitations at June 30, 2019.

 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 107,559,739	\$ 107,559,739	\$ 107,411,022	\$ (148,717)
Intergovernmental	6,587,409	6,587,409	8,836,269	2,248,860
Charges for goods and services	2,089,050	2,089,050	2,195,585	106,535
Investment income	450,000	450,000	1,196,136	746,136
Other	235,000	235,000	172,358	(62,642)
Total revenues	116,921,198	116,921,198	119,811,370	2,890,172
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	4,779,599	4,796,623	4,676,980	(119,643)
Public safety	10,388,213	10,241,149	10,192,510	(48,639)
Health and welfare	2,905,748	2,882,492	2,859,235	(23,257)
Land use	683,294	682,812	662,685	(20,127)
Public works	10,378,691	10,618,250	10,545,798	(72,452)
Parks and recreation	2,452,159	2,421,750	2,410,223	(11,527)
Education	76,054,231	75,725,459	75,725,459	-
Contingency	120,000	6,264	-	(6,264)
Debt service:				4-77
Principal	6,736,992	6,728,992	6,728,992	-
Interest and fiscal charges	2,253,376	2,253,376	2,253,376	.=
Total expenditures	116,752,303	116,357,167	116,055,258	(301,909)
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	168,895	564,031	3,756,112	3,192,081
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Appropriation of fund balance	-	500,000		(500,000)
Cancellation of prior year encumbrances	s <del>=</del>	-	23,078	23,078
Transfers in	200,000	200,000	400,000	200,000
Transfers out	(368,895)	(1,264,031)	(1,263,666)	365
Total other financing sources (uses)	(168,895)	(564,031)	(840,588)	(276,557)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,915,524	\$ 2,915,524

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

### **GENERAL FUND**

The General Fund is the principal fund of the Town and is used to account for all activities of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund accounts for the normal recurring activities of the Town (i.e., general government, public safety, public works, health, social services, recreation, education, etc.). These activities are funded principally by property taxes, user fees and grants from other governmental units.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Variance With
	Budgeted	d Amounts		Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
Property Taxes:				
Collections - current year	\$ 105,499,739	\$ 105,499,739	\$ 105,338,703	\$ (161,036)
Collections - prior years	475,000	475,000	567,966	92,966
Interest and lien fees	425,000	425,000	370,732	(54,268)
Motor vehicle supplement list	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,086,323	(13,677)
Telecommunications property tax	60,000	60,000	47,298	(12,702)
Total property taxes	107,559,739	107,559,739	107,411,022	(148,717)
Intergovernmental:				
Veterans additional exemptions	20,163	20,163	19,033	(1,130)
In lieu of taxes	417,704	417,704	456,363	38,659
Totally disabled	1,753	1,753	1,643	(110)
Town aid for roads	470,865	470,865	470,587	(278)
Grants for municipal projects	235,371	235,371	235,371	-
Mashantucket Pequot fund grant	829,098	829,098	829,098	-
Connecticut school building grants	85,225	85,225	**	(85,225)
Equalized cost-sharing grant	3,956,332	3,956,332	4,557,326	600,994
Health services - St. Rose	22,170	22,170	22,777	607
Miscellaneous grants	50,000	50,000	26,639	(23,361)
LOCIP grant	240,865	240,865	241,178	313
State revenue sharing	257,863	257,863	267,960	10,097
FEMA grant reimbursement	-	_	1,708,294	1,708,294
Total intergovernmental revenue	6,587,409	6,587,409	8,836,269	2,248,860
Charges for Services:				
Town clerk - conveyance tax	500,000	500,000	488,906	(11,094)
Town clerk - other	225,000	225,000	196,648	(28,352)
Parks and recreation	225,000	225,000	225,000	,,,
Tuition	30,800	30,800	38,096	7,296
School generated fees	24,000	24,000	20,000	(4,000)
Building	450,000	450,000	556,847	106,847
Permit fees	1,250	1,250	5,375	4,125
Transfer Station permits	450,000	450,000	465,104	15,104
WPCA	125,000	125,000	125,000	-
Senior center membership fees	8,000	8,000	9,960	1,960
Land use	50,000	50,000	64,649	14,649
Total charges for services	2,089,050	2,089,050	2,195,585	106,535
Investment Income	450,000	450,000	1,196,136	746,136
Other Bearing				
Other Revenues:	30.000	20.000	22.420	2.400
Miscellaneous - Police	30,000	30,000	32,139	2,139
Miscellaneous - Board of Education	5,000	5,000	6,571	1,571
Miscellaneous - Selectmen	200,000	200,000	133,648	(66,352)
Total other revenues	235,000	235,000	172,358	(62,642)
Total revenues	116,921,198	116,921,198	119,811,370	2,890,172
				Continued

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (Concluded) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgete	d Amo	ounts				riance With nal Budget
	(	Original		Final		Actual	0	ver (Under)
Other Financing Sources:								
Appropriation of fund balance	\$	-	\$	500,000	\$	-	\$	(500,000)
Cancellation of prior year encumbrances		-		-		23,078		23,078
Transfers in		200,000		200,000		400,000		200,000
Total other financing sources		200,000		700,000	7	423,078		(276,922)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ 1:	17,121,198	\$	117,621,198	\$	120,234,448	\$	2,613,250
	-						-	Concluded

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

							Va	riance With
		Budgeted	Amou					nal Budget
General Government:		Original		Final		Actual	0	ver (Under)
Selectmen	\$	422 694	۲.	440,000	4	444 022	4	16.76
Selectmen - other	Ş	433,684	\$	448,689	\$	441,922	\$	(6,76
Human Resources		168,500		168,500		165,017		(3,48
		117,330		117,220		114,839		(2,38
Tax Collector		373,989		351,645		347,864		(3,78
Purchasing		50,000		32,500		29,564		(2,93
Probate Court		7,543		7,543		5,652		(1,89
Town Clerk		315,753		310,470		302,303		(8,16
Registrars		160,034		157,034		146,873		(10,16
Assessor		315,690		311,333		304,468		(6,86
Finance		528,081		527,807		525,807		(2,00
Technology		727,262		786,999		738,573		(48,42
Unemployment		10,000		10,000		8,703		(1,29
OPEB contribution		179,116		179,116		179,116		:
Professional organizations		40,658		40,658		40,658		-
Insurance		1,110,500		1,110,500		1,102,818		(7,68
Legislative Council		45,000		45,000		44,000		(1,00
Districts		10,000		10,000		2,524		(7,47
<b>Economic Development Commission</b>		117,742		112,892		109,191		(3,70
Grants administration		23,717		23,717		22,798		(9:
Sustainable Energy Commission		1,000		1,000.00		291.00		(70
Fairfield Hills		44,000		44,000		43,999		
Total General Government		4,779,599		4,796,623		4,676,980		(119,64
hubble Cefebra								
ublic Safety: Building inspector		446,060		425 575		424 005		/4.40
		446,069		435,575		431,085		(4,49
Communications		1,116,098		1,073,098		1,066,451		(6,64
Police Department		6,897,668		6,835,668		6,819,767		(15,90
Fire Department		1,358,752		1,343,678		1,337,834		(5,84
Emergency Management / N.U.S.		70,834		64,440		54,083		(10,35
Animal Control		172,732		162,630		157,480		(5,15
Lake authorities		44,670		44,670		44,670		-
N.W. safety communications		11,140		11,140		11,140		-
Emergency Medical Services		270,000		270,000		270,000		-
Northwest CT Emergency Medical Services		250		250				(25
Total Public Safety	-	10,388,213		10,241,149		10,192,510		(48,63
ealth and Welfare:								
Social services		308,685		283,588		273,123		(10,46
Senior services		350,566		350,477		339,274		(11,20
Outside agencies		189,651		189,781		189,490		(29
Youth & Family services		301,473		301,473		301,209		(26
Newtown Cultural Arts Commission		2,500		2,500		2,500		(20
Newtown Parade Committee		1,400		1,400		1,090		121
N.W. Conservation District						1 <del>-2</del> 1		(3:
		1,100		1,100		1,040		(6
Booth Library		1,352,249		1,352,249		1,351,873		(37
Newtown Health District		398,124	-	399,924		399,636		(28
Total Health and Welfare		2,905,748		2,882,492		2,859,235		(23,25

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (Concluded) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budg Original	eted Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Land Use	\$ 683,2	94 \$ 682,812	\$ 662,685	\$ (20,127)
Public Works:				
Highway	7,381,58	35 7,567,384	7,519,333	(48,051)
Winter maintenance	819,53	734,935	724,999	(9,936)
Transfer station	1,455,46	56 1,500,466	1,497,425	(3,041)
Public building maintenance	722,10	95 815,465	804,041	(11,424)
Total Public Works	10,378,69	10,618,250	10,545,798	(72,452)
Parks and Recreation	2,452,15	9 2,421,750	2,410,223	(11,527)
Education	76,054,23	1 75,725,459	75,725,459	
Contingency	120,00	0 6,264	-	(6,264)
Debt Service:				
Principal	6,736,99	2 6,728,992	6,728,992	
Interest and fiscal charges	2,253,37	6 2,253,376	2,253,376	-
	8,990,36	8 8,982,368	8,982,368	-
Other Financing Uses:				
Edmond Town Hall Fund	151,89	5 151,895	151 520	/2CE)
Capital and Nonrecurring Fund - Town	217,00		151,530 783,364	(365)
Capital and Nonrecurring Fund - Non-lapsing	217,00	328,772	328,772	-
Total Other Financing Uses	368,89		1,263,666	(365)
Total Other Financing Oses	300,03	1,204,031	1,203,000	(505)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$ 117,121,19	\$ 117,621,198	\$ 117,318,924	\$ (302,274)
				Concluded

# TOWN OF NEWTOWN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Balance	- Uncollected	June 30, 2019		\$ 727.734	227,014	164,214	141,568	126,286	96,197	131,904	120,369	112,551	102,585	96,268	14,960	12.633	9.302	8.773	\$ 2,092,358
99.3%			Total		\$ 106,701,770	439,117	36,651	13,505	4,104	1,939	935	2.657	•	ï	009	ř	t	•	•	\$ 107,201,278
tax collection rate = 99.3%	Collections	Anterest	Liens and Fees		276,744	71,931	10,561	6,705	1,321	457	935	1,477	. 1	t	900	ř	î	i	ì	370,731
ollect	Ü	7	Lien		\$															\$
tax cc			Taxes	/	\$ 406,425,026	367,186	26,090	008'9	2,783	1,482		1,180	1	T	,	ı	•			\$ 106,830,547
	Balance	To Be	Collected		\$ 107,152,760	594,200	190,304	148,368	129,069	629'26	131,904	121,549	112,551	102,585	96,268	14,960	12,633	9,302	8,773	\$ 108,922,905
	Transfers	To	Suspense		\$ 135,868	65,822	8,650	3,990	3,712	1,838	1,943	1,930	1,900	1,855	2,006	203	ı	ı		\$ 229,717
		rrections	Deductions		\$ 649,355	26,190	3,675	414	417	417	384	22	ı		1	į	1		8,373	\$ 689,247
		Lawful Corrections	Additions		\$ 364,347	11,849	2,295	ť		¢		Ċ	,	ı	1	•	(i	ī		\$ 378,491
		Current	Levy		\$ 107,573,636	H	ı				1		1	1	ı	r	ì	1	1	\$ 107,573,636
	Balance	Uncollected	June 30, 2018		· \$	674,363	200,334	152,772	133,198	99,934	134,231	123,501	114,451	104,440	98,274	15,163	12,633	9,302	17,146	\$ 1,889,742
	Grand	List	Year		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2002	2004	2003 and prior	

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are designated or legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The nature and purpose of each special revenue fund is as follows:

**Dog License Fund** – A fund created pursuant to Connecticut State Statutes to account for the sale of dog tags and the expenditures of the dog warden and dog pound.

**Blight Fund** – A fund created pursuant to Town Ordinance to account for properties in disrepair. The Blight fund is a function of the Land Use department.

**Police Private Duty** — To account for police private duty services. Private duty is a function of the police department where officers provide security, traffic control and oversight (after their normal hours). A private job is billed to the customer who requires a police presence and the officer serving is paid in addition to standard salary.

**Town Gift Fund** – To account for funds received for specific gift purposes by the Board of Education, Commission on Aging, Economic Development Commission, N.U.S.A.R. Civil Preparedness and the Park Commission.

**School Lunch Program Fund** — To account for the operation of the public school lunch program. Funding is provided from the sale of food, Federal and State grant and USDA donated commodities.

**Education Grants Fund** — To account for funds received from the state and Federal governments, private grants and other contributions for education grants.

**Law Enforcement Fund** — To account for funds received from the State and Federal governments for prison emergency notification, drug control and awareness program and from the police assets forfeiture process.

**Septage Management Ordinance Fund** – A fund created by ordinance to account for funds received for the purpose of self-insuring the Town against any liability caused by the discharge of prohibited material collected in Newtown and delivered to the Danbury sewage system by pumpers licensed to Newtown.

**Fairfield Hills Authority Fund** – To account for lease proceeds and common charges collected on the Fairfield Hills Campus. Funds are used for the maintenance of the common areas and other expenditures if the Fairfield Hills Authority.

**School Custodial Fund** — To account for fees received for the use of school facilities by outside organizations. The proceeds are used to pay for custodial service, security, audio visual services, utilities and certain incremental building maintenance.

**Adult Education Fund** — To account for tuition fees received from individuals attending night classes at the high school. Tuition fees offset the cost of teaching and instructional materials.

**Edmond Town Hall Fund** — To account for the operations of the Edmond Town Hall. Financing is provided by individuals attending the movie theater and fees received for the use of the facilities by outside organizations.

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

Newtown Community Center Fund – To account for the operations of the new community center.

**Town Recreation Fund** – To account for various programs offered by the Park and Recreation Commission and the Commission on Aging and the operations of the Teen Center for which financing is provided by individuals in attendance.

Miscellaneous Grants Fund – To account for various reimbursement grants.

Small Cities Program Fund – To record the activity under the Small Cities Community Block Grant Program.

**Cemetery Fund** — To account for donations which are used for the perpetual care of Taunton, Sandy Hook and Botsford cemeteries.

Eichler's Cove Marina Fund – To account for the operations of Eichler's Cove Marina on Lake Zoar.

Historic Documents Fund – To account for a dollar fee received for each document recorded in the land records to be retained by the Town clerk for the preservation and management of historic documents in accordance with State Statute Section 7-34a(d); and an additional dollar fee to be retained by the Town clerk in accordance with State Statute Section 7-34a(e).

**Cultural Arts Fund** – To account for cultural arts program fees collected. These fees pay for the cultural arts program of the Cultural Arts Commission.

**Sandy Hook Special Revenue Fund** – To account for contributions received as a result of the Sandy Hook tragedy to be used for designed public purposes.

### DEBT SERVICE FUND

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of long-term debt principal, interest and related costs or other long-term liabilities.

### **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND**

Capital and Nonrecurring Fund – To account for funds set aside for future capital purchases and improvements.

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

### PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

**Hawley School Trust Fund** – To account for the investment of funds left in trusts by Mary E. Hawley for the care and maintenance of Hawley School.

**Edmond Town Hall Endowment Fund** – To account of the investment of funds left in trust by Mary E. Hawley for the care and maintenance of the Edmond Town Hall.

**Newtown Flagpole Fund** – To account for the investment of funds left in trust by Alida Pennie Knotts for the care and maintenance of the Newtown flagpole.

**The V.G. Hair and Frances E. Hair Fund** – To account for investment of funds left in trust by Frances E. Hair for the care and education relating to animals.

# TOWN OF NEWTOWN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	' <u>'</u>	Dog License Fund	Blight		2.50	Police Private Duty Fund		Town Gifts Fund	Schoo Pro Fu	School Lunch Program Fund	ш	Education Grants Fund
REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Other Total revenues	φ.	18,416 - 7,614 26,030	₩.		45	1,262,737	₩	82,803 82,803	٠٠ 1	245,757	₩.	3,558,187 533,415 - 68,177 4,159,779
EXPENDITURES  Current:												
Public safety		29,904		1 1		842,238		23,998 5,276		ı i		тт
Health and welfare Public works		1 1		1,650		т т		2,535		1 1		r
Parks and recreation		•		£		t		38,343		ï		î (
Education Canital outlave		1 1		r		ı		ī	Н	1,837,906		4,191,774
Total expenditures		29,904		1,650		842,238		70,152		1,837,906		4,191,774
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(3,874)		(1,650)		420,499		12,651		(25,387)		(31,995)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		1 1		.		(400,000)						, , ,
Net change in fund balances		(3,874)		(1,650)		20,499		12,651		(25,387)		(31,995)
Fund balances - beginning		16,365	3	36,868		43,537		258,249		213,392		291,281
Fund balances - ending	٠٠	12,491	<u>د</u>	35,218	<b>⋄</b>	64,036	٠	270,900	v.	188,005	₩.	259,286 Continued

TOWN OF NEWTOWN, CONNECTICUT
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

PEVENIJES	E	Law Enforcement Fund	Sel Mana Ord	Septage Management Ordinance Fund	Fa Au	Fairfield Hills Authority Fund	Sc Cus	School Custodial Fund	Edu	Adult Education Fund
Intergovernmental Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Other Total revenues	s	132,001	₩.	4,750 1,446 - 6,196	₩	38,428	₩.	6,640	so.	174,145
EXPENDITURES Current: General government		,				700 89				1/4,143
Public safety Health and welfare Public works		26,923		659		466,00 		1 1 1		T T T
Parks and recreation Education Capital outlays Total expenditures				- 659				9,277		- 168,419 - 168,419
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)  Transfers in Transfers out		107,078		5,537		(20,166)		(2,637)		5,726
Net change in fund balances		107,078		5,537		(20,166)		(2,637)		5,726
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	w	112,229	·s	116,939	٠٠	92,122	₩.	85,571	\$	58,697 64,423 Continued

# TOWN OF NEWTOWN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income		Fund	Fund	Fund	Ŧ	Fund	Fund	Fund	Program	: -
Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income										
Charges for services Investment income	ᡐ	į	\$	ı	\$	í	\$	1,667,527	Ş	1
Investment income		445,434		22,881		655,359		. '		2,890
		46,995		11,150				1		) (
Other		2,196	1,0	1,055,220		1		1		
Total revenues		494,625	1,0{	1,089,251		652,359	1	1,667,527		2,890
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		635,355		1		ř		370,952		8,864
Public safety		,		,		ı		65,247		. 1
Health and welfare		1		Ē		22,517		. '		1
Public works		1		ī		,		381.143		ı
Parks and recreation		1	16	168,744		687,885				ī
Education		ſ		ı		, '		10		r
Capital outlays		ı		Ī		,		850,194		
Total expenditures		635,355	16	168,744		710,402	1,	1,667,536		8,864
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures		(140,730)	92	920,507		(55,043)		(6)		(5,974)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		151,530		Ĕ		1		1		ı
Transfers out		1				ı		ı		ť
Total other financing sources (uses)		151,530				1		.		
Net change in fund balances		10,800	92	920,507		(55,043)		(6)		(5,974)
Fund balances - beginning		151,002		(986'9)		15,498		6		22,273
Fund balances - ending	\$	161,802	\$ 91	913,521	\$	(39,545)	\$	1	\$	16,299
									3	Continued

# TOWN OF NEWTOWN, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Concluded) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

					Sandy Hook	
	Cemetery	Eichler's Cove Marina	Historic Documents	Cultural Arts	Special Revenue	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue
REVENUES	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
Intergovernmental	\$	\$	\$ 6.500	3 750	v	
Charges for services		154.384	X-		' Դ	5,613,722
Investment income	•		201,01	9,320		4,908,693
Other	ı	268	ı	9,300	' "	66,157
Total revenues	1	154,952	19,632	56,977	300	11,256,819
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	333		12,531		100	7
Public safety	•				10,004	1,126,111
Health and welfare	•	<b>(1</b>	ı i	50 122		969,588
Public works	•			CCT'6C	•	86,494
Parks and recreation	. 1	120 061	ī	1	,	381,143
Education	• )	1/8/UST	ā	ı	9	1,025,843
Capital Outlays	•	, 000	1	L	1	6,207,376
		703,074				1,059,268
lotal expenditures	333	339,945	12,531	59,133	15,084	10,855,823
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	(333)	(184,993)	7,101	(2,156)	(14,584)	892'686
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					\$ 5 21	
Transfers in	1	x	i	I	•	151,530
Tatal at the first of the first	-	-	1			(400,000)
l otal other financing sources (uses)	1			1		(248,470)
Net change in fund balances	(333)	(184,993)	7,101	(2,156)	(14,584)	741,098
Fund balances - beginning	333	477,358	30,977	187,457	126,243	2,329,414
Fund balances - ending	٠	\$ 292,365	\$ 38,078	\$ 185,301	\$ 111,659	\$ 3,070,512
						ľ

TOWN OF NEWTOWN, CONNECTICUT
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS
AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

	Sche	Hawley School Trust Fund	, ш	Edmond Town Hall Endowment Fund	-	Newtown Flagpole Fund	ang	The V.G. Hair and Frances E. Hair Fund	- 6	Total Nonmajor Permanent Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other funds	⋄	2,970 392,497 22,693	↔	8,527 1,064,424	↔	- 12,409 3,637	↔	15,793 1,039,660 79,771	<b>⋄</b>	27,290 2,508,990 106,101
Total assets	\$	418,160	φ.	1,072,951	φ.	16,046	\$	1,135,224	s	2,642,381
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$	1	₩.	1	\$	1	<b>«</b>	I	₩.	ı
Due to otner runds Total liabilities		ı ı				1 1				τ
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable		350,000		250,000		10,000		1		610,000
Restricted		68,160		822,951		6,046		1,135,224		2,032,381
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	.vı	418,160	·	1,072,951	v	16,046	v	1,135,224	0	2,642,381
	+		}	-10:4101-	)-	10,01	٦.	T777001T	ጉ	2,042,381

TOWN OF NEWTOWN, CONNECTICUT
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Scho	Hawley School Trust Fund	г <u>п</u>	Edmond Town Hall Endowment Fund	Newtown Flagpole Fund		The \ and F Hai	The V.G. Hair and Frances E. Hair Fund	2 4	Total Nonmajor Permanent Funds
REVENUES										
Investment income	\$	23,929	\$	22,665	\$	82	٠,	43,346	φ.	125,022
Contributions		1		,		26		1		, ,
Total revenues		23,929		57,665	1	108		43,346		125,048
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		x		63,492	e	300		,		63,792
Fublic salety		1		i	•			48,523		48,523
Euucatioii		31,596		1				ı		31,596
l otal expenditures		31,596		63,492	E C	300		48,523		143,911
Net change in fund balances		(7,667)		(5,827)	(1	(192)		(5,177)		(18,863)
Fund balances - beginning		425,827		1,078,778	16,238	38		1,140,401		2,661,244
Fund balances - ending	٠	418,160	\$	1,072,951	\$ 16,046	46 \$	10	1,135,224	-γ-	2,642,381

### **FIDUCIARY FUNDS**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

### **PENSION TRUST FUNDS**

A fiduciary fund type used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for the member and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans.

The Town has three pension plans covering substantially all of its employees, except teachers who are covered by the State Teachers' Retirement Fund. The General Town and Board of Education Plan is a contributory defined benefit plan. The Police Plan is a contributory defined benefits plan. The Elected Officials Plan is a contributory defined contribution plan.

### **OPEB TRUST FUNDS**

To account for the Town's other post-employment benefit plan, which provides medical and life insurance to retirees.

### PRIVATE-PURPOSE TUST FUNDS

Sandy Hook Private-Purpose Trust Fund is a fund to account for donations for the families/victims as a result of the tragedy on December 14, 2012. In addition, it is also to account for donations for scholarships.

### **AGENCY FUNDS**

Agency funds are used to report resources held by the reporting government in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities).

Board of Education Flex Plan Fund – To account for employee medical savings account.

**Student Activities Fund** – To account for expenditures for educational extracurricular activities at the various schools. Financing is provided by individual fundraising projects.

Police Benevolent Fund – To account for funds held to benefit the Police Benevolent Association.

**Performance Bonds Fund** – A fund to account for developers' bonds which are held to assure performance on road construction. Once the roads are constructed, the bonds are released to the developers.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

	P	Town ension Trust Fund		OPEB Trust Fund		otal Pension Trust Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	92,795	\$	14,832	\$	107,627
Investments:						
Bond mutual funds		15,866,205		1,003,327		16,869,532
Equity mutual funds		29,470,199		1,788,144		31,258,343
Contributions receivable		1,130		=		1,130
Total assets	\$	45,430,329	\$	2,806,303	\$	48,236,632
NET POSITION  Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	45,430,329	\$	2,806,303	\$	48,236,632
rield in trust for pension benefits	<u>ې</u>	43,430,329	<u> -</u>	2,000,303	<u>ې</u>	40,230,032

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

ADDITIONS	P	Town ension Trust	c	OPEB Trust		otal Pension
ADDITIONS		Fund		Fund		Trust Funds
Contributions:		0.054.050			1	
Employer	\$	2,254,873	\$	698,956	\$	2,953,829
Plan members		447,671		121,733		569,404
Total contributions	-	2,702,544	-	820,689	-	3,523,233
Investment earnings:						
Interest and dividends		1,100,888		66,625		1,167,513
Net change in the fair						
value of investments		1,260,798		76,717		1,337,515
Total investment earnings		2,361,686		143,342		2,505,028
Less: investment fee expense		(44,765)				(44,765)
Total investment earnings, net		2,316,921		143,342		2,460,263
Total additions		5,019,465		964,031		5,983,496
DEDUCTIONS						
Benefit payments		2,325,891		476,145		2,802,036
Administrative expenses		65,784		2,646		68,430
Total deductions		2,391,675		478,791		2,870,466
Change in net position		2,627,790		485,240		3,113,030
Net position - beginning		42,802,539		2,321,063		45,123,602
Net position - ending	7=	45,430,329	\$	2,806,303	\$	48,236,632
net position increased 6.1%	health	= retiree benefits. olice and ers.				

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS	Sp	lexible ending Fund	Student Activities Fund	Ве	Police enevolent Fund	Pe	rformance Bonds Fund	 Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,732	\$ 544,691	\$	1,367	\$	274,731	\$ 844,521
Investments			192,731		-		-	192,731
Total assets	\$	23,732	\$ 737,422	\$	1,367	\$	274,731	\$ 1,037,252
LIABILITIES Due to others	\$	23,732	\$ 737,422	\$	1,367	\$	274,731	\$ 1,037,252

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS	 Balance, uly 1, 2018	 Additions	 Deletions	Ju	Balance, ine 30, 2019
Cash and cash equivalents:					
Flexible Spending Fund	\$ 11,502	\$ 118,729	\$ 106,499	\$	23,732
Student Activities Fund	498,601	1,470,105	1,424,015		544,691
Police Benevolent Fund	309	1,058	C. C. STATE OF STATE		1,367
Performance Bonds Fund	452,365	366	178,000		274,731
Total cash and cash equivalents	962,777	1,590,258	1,708,514	*************	844,521
Investments:					
Student Activities Fund	192,731	_	÷		192,731
Total assets	\$ 1,155,508	\$ 1,590,258	\$ 1,708,514	\$	1,037,252
LIABILITIES					
Due to others:					
Flexible Spending Fund	\$ 11,502	\$ 118,729	\$ 106,499	\$	23,732
Student Activities Fund	691,332	1,470,105	1,424,015		737,422
Police Benevolent Fund	309	1,058	· · · · -		1,367
Performance Bonds Fund	452,365	366	178,000		274,731
Total liabilities	\$ 1,155,508	\$ 1,590,258	\$ 1,708,514	\$	1,037,252

### SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### **SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: 0 Material weakness(es) identified? Yes No None 0 Significant deficiency(ies) identified? reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes FEDERAL AWARDS Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? None 0 Significant deficiency(ies) identified? reported Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)? Yes Identification of major programs: **CFDA Number** Name of Federal Program 84.027, 84.173 Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000 ✓ Yes \_\_\_\_ Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

### **SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

Finding 2019-001: Significant Deficiency over Internal Control over Financial Reporting - Accounting for Sewer Assessments

**Criteria:** Management of the Town is responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### **SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

**Condition:** During our audit, we noted the following matters that are indicative of a significant deficiency in the Town's internal control over financial reporting relating to the accounting for sewer assessments.

- there is no formal procedure to facilitate the communication of new and amended assessments approved by the Water and Sewer Authority from the Public Works department to the Tax and Finance Departments;
- there is no formal policy that defines the terms and calculations surrounding the development of sewer assessments per property;
- not all sewer assessments are tracked within the assessment software; and
- reconciliations of billed and unbilled assessment receivables and related interest and fees are not performed on a monthly basis between the general ledger and the assessment software.

Effect: Adjustments were required to both the general ledger and the assessment software.

Cause: Lack of formal policies and procedures.

Auditor's Recommendation: We recommend that the Town develop procedures to ensure that all new and amended assessments approved by the Water and Sewer Authority are communicated timely to the Tax and Finance Departments. The Town should consider the use of a required form to be approved by the chair of the Water and Sewer Authority, the Public Works director, the Tax Collector and the Finance Director. We further recommend that the Water and Sewer Authority consider adopting a policy that defines the terms and calculations surrounding the development of sewer assessments per policy. In addition, we recommend that all sewer assessments are tracked within the assessment software and that amounts reported within the assessment software are reconciled with the general leger on a monthly basis. This reconciliation should be reviewed and approved by appropriate member of management.

Management's Response: Management agrees with the finding and intends to take corrective action to address the identified deficiencies.

### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No findings or questioned costs were reported.